

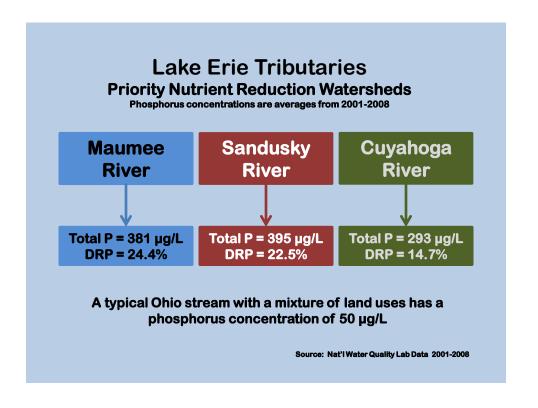
General Criteria for Prioritizing NPS Watersheds

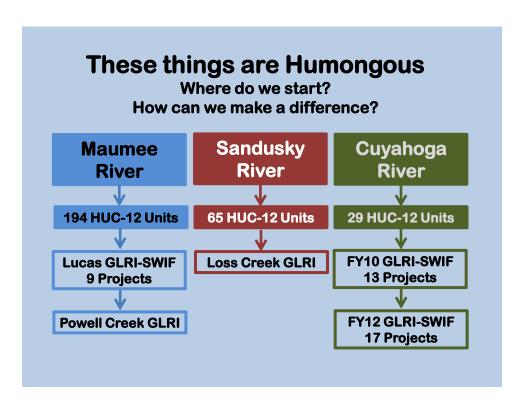
- 1. Largest contributors of phosphorus to Lake Erie and the Ohio River
- 2. Watersheds with Total Maximum Daily Load Studies
- 3. Watersheds with watershed action plans
- 4. Downstream impacts (Hypoxia for example)

Ohio's Priority Watersheds

for Nutrient Reduction Activities

Great Miami River
Sandusky River
Scioto River
Cuyahoga River
Maumee River





Nutrient Reduction Demonstrations

Sandusky River -Loss Creek Subwatershed





Project Partners

Crawford County SWCD
Ohio State Extension
Sandusky Watershed Coalition
Ohio EPA

US EPA - Great Lakes Office

Funded under provisions of an FY11 Great Lakes Restoration Initiative Grant to Ohio EPA.

Engaging agriculture in innovative ways to reduce phosphorus loss to the Sandusky River.

Urban Nutrient Reduction Demonstrations

Cuyahoga River – Cuyahoga County GLRI FY 10 and FY12 GLRI-SWIF Grant Program



More the 30 NPS management projects have been funded with GLRI and SWIF grants and many are already completed.

Nutrient Reduction Demonstrations

Maumee River - Powell Creek Subwatershed



FY12 US EPA Great Lakes Initiative Grant to Ohio EPA
In partnership with Defiance SWCD, Defiance Health Dept. and ODNR

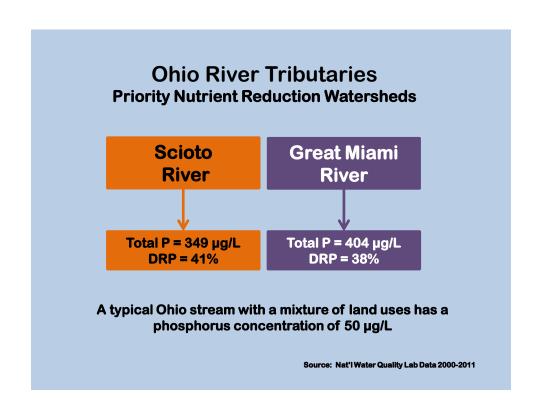
Implementing the Powell Creek TMDL by engaging agriculture to implement nutrient reduction activities in highly targeted ways.

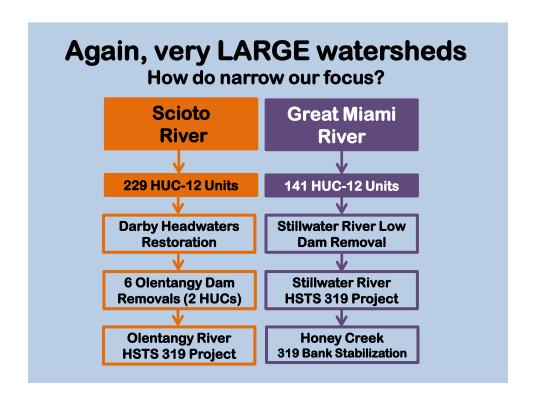
Nutrient Reduction Demonstrations

Maumee River – Lucas County, Ohio Lucas County GLRI—SWIF Grants Program



\$750,000 in FY12 US EPA GLRI and Ohio EPA SWIF Funding that will assist 9 local project implementers to complete:

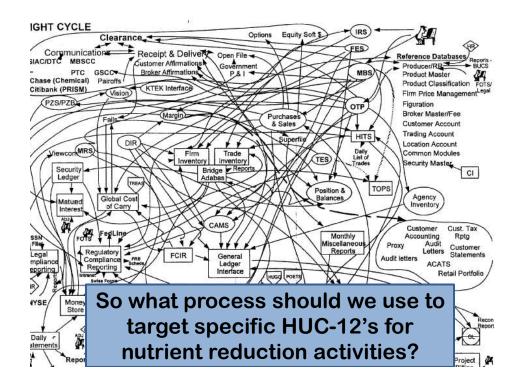












Today's Panelists

Russ Gibson, Ohio EPA
Tom Davenport - US EPA Region 5
Mike Sudman – City of Celina
Carrie Volmer-Sanders - TNC

